

Cervical Ripening Tied To Death Of Newborn.

The hospital and the midwife settled a lawsuit filed in the District Court, Johnson County, Kansas.

The jury went on to rule the patient's prenatal caregivers were not negligent.

No fetal monitor was used with a mother who was administered a cervical ripening agent known to be able to cause uterine hyperstimulation, in violation of published recommendations from the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology. **Fitzhugh v. St. Luke's South Hosp., 2007 WL 1224005 (Dist. Ct., Johnson Co., Kansas, February 6, 2007).**