## **Profanity: Nurse Fired, Court Sees** No Discrimination.

nurse was fired after he raised his voice at the nurses station and said, "That's bullshit!" when his supervisor told because he had no vacation time left.

was a violation of hospital policy prohibiting use of vulgar, profane or obscene language directed at a supervisor, co-worker, physician, patient or visitor.

He sued for gender and age discrimination.

The female nurse alluded to as a comparison did not use offensive language unthe der same circumstances and, therefore, was not a valid comparison to support an allegation of gender discrimination.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTH CAROLINA February 4, 2014

The US District Court for the District of South Carolina dismissed his case.

The male nurse pointed to a female nurse who was not terminated for her use of profanity. However, she used offensive language in a casual conversation in an area of the hospital where patients and visitors were not present and the language was not directed at a supervisor in anger. She was not a valid basis for comparison.

In a discrimination case, according to the Court, it is not sufficient for the alleged victim to make vague assertions that unspecified co-workers did the same thing tion wants to cite for comparison must be but were treated less harshly.

cifically one or more "comparators" and must show that what they did was very with which they were disciplined. much the same, but the repercussions to the victim were significantly different.

468943 (D.S.C., February 4, 2014).

## **Misconduct: Nurse Did Not Prove Others Were Valid** Comparisons.

"That's bullshit!" when his supervisor told A fter a long series of patient com- Shortly after President Obama's elec-him he could not have a day off he wanted A plaints over mistreatment and at least S tion a nurse was sent an email at work fter a long series of patient comone episode of being away from her as- by a family member lamenting Mr. The reason given to him for his firing signed unit without permission, a female Obama's election and asserting that the psychosocial nurse was terminated.

She sued for gender discrimination.

The ten male nursing assistants offered as comparisons had in their files patient complaints of mistreatment or complaints by supervisors of being absent from their units without permission. One of them was suspended. One was reprimanded. None were fired.

However, unlike the female nurse who was terminated, none of them had numerous patient complaints and a supervisor's complaint for unaccountably abbeing sent.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MICHIGAN December 23, 2013

The US District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan dismissed her case.

The Court took a very exacting approach to the requirement that the coworkers an alleged victim of discriminavery similar in all relevant respects, except The alleged victim must identify spe- for differences in gender, age, race, nation- Circuit (Pennsylvania) dismissed the case. ality, etc., and differences in the severity

received patient complaints, although not tion based on race. People who are disciplined differently as many as the female nurse in question, under the very same circumstances whose and some had been away from their sta- differences were issues in this case, it was only real difference is gender, age, race, tions without permission. However, none racially offensive action by the nurse and nationality, etc., are victims of discrimina- of them had received a patient complaint not her race itself that motivated the hospition. Duheme v. Columbia HSA, 2104 WL and been caught AWOL from the unit. tal to terminate her. DeCarolis v. Presbyte-Green v. Shinseki, 2013 WL 6801119 (E.D. Mich., December 23, 2013).

## Reverse **Discrimination: Court Turns Down** Nurse's Case.

C hortly after President Obama's elecnurse and her co-workers could expect cutbacks and layoffs due to higher taxes.

The nurse circulated the email to certain co-workers. Others to whom it was not directly sent also read it. Some complained to management about a perceived racially offensive tone in the email.

The nurse was terminated for violating the hospital's policy which prohibited racially offensive communications.

She sued for reverse race discrimination.

Violation of the hospital's policy against racially offensive communications was the reason for the action taken by her employer.

Just because racial overtones were present and a racial difference existed between the employee who was terminated and those whose complaints prompted her termination does not necessarily mean that race was the reason.

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS THIRD CIRCUIT January 27, 2014

The US Court of Appeals for the Third

The Court agreed in principle that a Caucasian nurse has the same right as any-In this case some of the males had one else not to be the victim of discrimina-

> Although racial overtones and racial rian, \_\_\_ Fed. Appx. \_\_, 2014 WL 279765 (3rd Cir., January 27, 2014).

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